Fair and warmer to-day; cloudy to-morrow.

ARRESTS IN TRUST CO. CRASH.

PROMOTER SEGAL AND TWO OFFI-CIALS UNDER HEAVY BONDS.

Conspiracy. Embezzlement. Forgery and Perjury Among Charges-District Attorney Now After Directors-Presbyterians' Loss \$100,000 -8230,000 Retate Gone.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5 .- On warrants charging conspiracy, embezzlement and perjury. Adolph Segal, the Austrian promoter, who with the late President Hipple and a coterie of directors, it is charged. wrecked the Real Estate Trust Company; William F. North, treasurer of the company, who, it is alleged, was party to most of Hipple's illegal acts, and William J. Collingwood, assistant treasurer, were placed under arrest to-day by District Attorney

Segal, who has aged five years in two weeks and with all his old jauntiness gone, was held in \$25,000 bail. The charges against him are conspiracy and accessory to embezziement. North and Collingwood were held in \$10,on bail each on charges of conspiracy. embezzlement, perjury, &c.

Morris Rosenbaum, a steamship agent, became Segal's surety; M. J. McCahan, the sugar refiner, went on Collingwood's bind, and William H. Shelmerdine, a broker. stands good for North.

Segal's arrest, which halte a plan of reorganization which Receiver Earle had nearly completed, was the result of reports that the Austrian had been for some time shipping gold out of the country and that he had closed up his affairs and was ready to go abroad. It was the crash of the trust company, it is said, that prevented Segal from departing. He has been under police surveillance since the day of the failure. The District Attorney looked up the report and found enough to justify him in taking quick action.

The plan of reorganization thus nipped provided for the turning over by Segal to Earle of all his fairly good operations, the raising by the directors of \$3,500,000 and the taking out by depositors of \$2,000,000 of preferred stock instead of their

The depositors had agreed, as had the directors also, and yesterday afternoon Segal turned the Shackamaxon refinery over to the receiver and expressed willingness to give up much more. Now he regre handing over the refinery and what he has he'll hold as long as he can. So Mr. Earle, the depositors and directors will have to find a new plan for reorganization.

The affidavit upon which the arrests were made was sworn out by Dr. Walter C. Browing, the man who treated Senator Chris Magee, boss of Pittsburg, and charged his estate \$130,000. He was a depositor in

Evidence of actual partnership between Hippie, Segal and a clique of directors in the wrecked company has been found by

the District Attorney.

These men sank millions in their wildcat ventures and the great part of the millions, torney, went into suburban trolley schet in which they were interested as prom or stockholders. Among these on is the Camden Interstate, which has a number of lines in course of construction in West Virginia, Ohio and Kentucky In another company Treasurer North was president and two directors were interested. Another damaging piece of evidence grinst the directors that came out to-day was that all of them knew about every fegal transaction, or they were criminally regligent. Receiver Earle said that all the recurities that he had found were covered by mortgages upon Segal's enterprises. These mortgages." said the receiver. "were recorded in the courts. Furthermore, the making of all these mortgages was printed

in the newspapers. "I will not stop at the directors if oriminality is shown," said Mr. Bell to-day. He declared that all his efforts are now being directed toward discovering if they have committed orimes. Mr. Bell also announced to-night that among the papers of the company be had found a confession by Hipple. In this the suicide had written reasons for his thefts, had given records of his deals with Segal and had accused Segal of driving him to death.

"Segal got all the money." was the plaint of this confession. It will be produced to-morrow when the further hearing of the trio arrested to-day will be held.

As for the speculations of Hipple himsel revelations already made indicate that before the investigation of the looted bank is finished he probably will be written down as the star bank thief of the century Out of many instances the following are the most sensational:

An estate was left by Joseph Detro in which Hipple was named as sole executor without bonds by will dated in 1894. His estate possessed \$250,000 in Metropolitan Traction Company stock. Inquiries since Hipple's death resulted in the information day that the books showed no stock held either by the Detro estate or Hipple as trustee. It is feared that this quarter of a million has vanished as completely as the \$7,000,000 of deposits.

The theft of \$30,000 of the bonds of the trustees of the Presbyterian General Assembly was to-day fastened upon Hipple by he examination of their \$985,000 of securities by the committee of auditors. This makes approximately \$100,000 missing to date from the Presbyterian funds.

It was also discovered that Segal and Hipple cleaned up \$100,000 each in the sale of the Camden Sugar Refinery to the trust. Negotiations by the Sugar Trust for taking the Shackamaxon Sugar Refinery off the hands of Receiver Earle were opened today. The overtures came from Joseph S. Auerbach of New York.

District Attorney Bell made public to light a letter left by Hippie, and found on his bureau. It simply said:

Segal got it all. I alone am to This confession is distinct from that found

at the bank. ATLANTIC CITY, Sept. 8 .- One hundre invalid women were to-day turned out of the Mercer Memorial Home, Pacific avenue

All the m All the money the home had, some \$50,000, was in the Real Estate Trust. The people

turned out are poor and have no means of

Delaware Republicans Name Candidates and Committeemen He Opposed Dover, Del., Sept. 5.-J. Edward Addicks fell before his enemy Senator Allee to-day at the Republican caucuses when Dr. Hiram R. Burton, whom Addicks had fought, was nominated for Congress.

dicks, are: State Treasurer, Thomas N. Rawlins; State Auditor, Thomas C. Roe; State committeemen, Sussex, Thomas Curry, J. H. Wright, Joseph A. Caball; Kent, Senator Allee, State Senator H. C. More and Donald Marshall; Wilmington, William H. Heald, Thomas S. Lewis and Mayor Horace Wilson; New Castle, Daniel W. Corbett, E. B. Shurter

The others on the ticket, all anti-Ad-

The negro voters of Delaware won a point to-day when they got a representative on the State committee.

and W. F. Curtis.

Addicks, who saw his plans to defeat Burton and Allee shattered by the convention, had nothing to say until the question of selecting an emblem for the publican party in Delaware came up. Dr. Caleb B. Layton proposed an eagle with outstretched wings and a five pointed star on its exposed breast. To this Mr. Addicks objected on the ground that the star was the emblem of the Union Republican party. The question was put to a

vote, and Addicks also lost on this. The main fight in Kent county was against the reelection of Senator Allee to the State committee, but in this Addicks was unsuccessful. Allee, however, got fewer than thirty votes.

SPIKE BURGLAR" KEEPS AT IT

Surprised While Robbing a Larchmont mee, He Gets Away Successfully.

LARCHMONT, Sept. 5.-The police late to-night are hunting for a man who has come to be known as the "spike burglar" because of his habit of forcing windows with a railroad spike and leaving it behind. The sixth robbery in the last two weeks in Larchmont took place to-night, when the butler in the house of Dr. John A. Fordyce, fleet surgeon of the Larchmont Yacht Club, ran into a man downstairs who was busy packing up the silverware. Dr. Fordyce and his family are away cruising on the Sound.

The burglar, who is a negro of middle height and well dressed, looked up and saw the butler. He drew a revolver and said: "You see I haven't taken anything yet. Now I'm going to get out of here and if you make any noise I'll kill you."

Holding his revolver out, the burglar backed out of the front door and ran away. The butler telephoned to the Larchmont

In the last two weeks the houses of the following have been entered: The Rev. Dr. Richard Cobden, Postmaster Montross, Rudelph Schaefer, the New York brewer Thomas O'Brien and Mrs. Burke. The higgest haul was from the Cobden house where \$2,000 worth of silverware was taken Mr. Montross lost about \$500 worth of

property. The others did not lose much. There have been three robberies in New tochelle and two in Mount Vernon in the same period, all branded with the sign of the spike. The police are trying to get the railroad company interested, saying that the corporation must be suffering from the loss of the spikes, which the families

FIRST OFFICIAL SLAP AT BRYAN

W. Va. Convention Refuses to Indorse Him for President or to Accept R. R. Scheme. KEYSER, W Va., Sept 5 .- While the Democratic Congressional convention for the Second district to-day commended Bryan in the resolutions in the most flattering manner, yet the platform committee refused to indorse him for the Presidency and the convention adopted the resolution as reported by the committee without

The resolutions, which were drafted by John T. McGraw, member of the Democratic national committee from West Virginia and a warm personal friend of Mr. Bryan, repudiate his Government ownership deas, saying:

"We oppose paternalism in all its forms and the centralization of power in the general Government as unwarranted by constitutional authority and fraught with grave danger to the republic.

Col. McGraw said he did not feel inclined to follow Mr. Bryan in his policy of Government control of public utilities. He says was proclaimed in 1896 and contended for by Mr. Bryan and all his people that the Government had no more right to go into private industrial development than to go into the banking business.

The convention nominated Marmadul H. Dent of Grafton, who has been for twelve years a Judge of the State Suprem Court of Appeals, over J. Hop Woods of Philippi.

FELL 180 FEET FROM PARACHUTE.

LEWISTON, Me., Sept. 5.-Carl Smith of Brockton, Mass., a professional aeronaut, fell 180 feet from a trapeze attached to a parachute after an ascension at the Maine State Fair this afternoon and was taken to the hospital in a dying condition. Both his hips, both arms and his breast bone were broken.

Smith and Miss Ida Merrill of Boston were billed to make a double ascension and parachute jump and a large crowd saw them go up. When the balloon was some distance up Smith swung to the trapeze bar and pulled the rope, releasing the parachute from the balloon. When he had descended a short distance the trapeze bar gave way

and Smith fell to the ground. Miss Merill made her descent in safety, anding half a mile away in some woods. There is a suspicion that two negroes tampered with the trapeze before the ascension, and the police have started a hunt for

CAT WORTH \$20,000 DEAD.

It Was One of Two for Which B. F. Dilley

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 5 .- Pinkey, one of the two cats which had property worth bequeathed to them, and a nurse provided to care for them while they lived, died here this morning of tumor in the

The two cats were the pets of Benja-nin F. Dilley of this city, business nan and philanthropist, who died in the pring of 1805. He bequeathed a building in the business centre of the city worth 69,600 to them and named Miss Ad a Rush

ADDICKS BEATEN ALL 'ROUND

GEN. MENOCAL LABORS WITH OP-PONENTS OF PALMA.

Pleads That Party Differences Should Re Waived to Save the Republic-Save There is Danger of American Intervention-Liberal Leader Remains Stubborn

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. HAVANA, Sept. 5. - Gen. Menocal, leader of the Cuban veterans, continued his work for peace to-day, and with added authority, President Palma had given him permission to see the alleged leaders of the revolt who are under arrest here and to visit the insurgents in the field.

until a compromise on the election dispute is agreed upon. The Liberals demand the annulment of the last elections. A lively meeting was held this evening

between the veterans and some of the op-

nonents of the Government.

When the meeting assembled Gen. Menocal declared that he came to help the Government restore peace by all the means in his power. He declared that he had with him all the veterans, and that he was sure the men who had fought for the independence of the island would now aid in restoring peace, thus preventing the ruin of the republic, which would be the result of American intervention. The destinies of Cuba depended upon the Platt amendment, and unless some agreement was reached the Cuban political parties would be re-

sponsible for the end of the republic. Senator Alfredo Zayas, president of the Liberals, made a flery speech. He said that the Liberals, who had always opposed the Platt amendment, had been abused and their rights trampled upon, and when they protested their rights under the law had been denied them by the courts. They had no other recourse than to rebel, and then other Cubans came and said the Liberals would bring about intervention under the Platt amendment. The amendment, he declared, was merely a weapon in the hands of the Cuban Government to tyrannize over the country. This could not be accepted by men of honor.

Gen. Menocal denied the report that he a candidate for the Presidency. He said he was not working to overthrow Presideat Palma, whose attitude is the best possible. He only desired peace, and he asked the help of all Cubans who love their country more than their petty passions and selfish

After the meeting Gen. Menocal said that no terms had been agreed upon. The veterans would use all their influence to settle the war. They were sanguine that they could exert sufficient pressure on both sides to bring about peace.

Subsequently the correspondent Sefior Zayas. He said he was asked what his party was willing to accept. He replied that they must first be told what were the veterans' plans. He began to set forth the causes that had

led to the rising, when he was rudely interrupted, whereupon he said it was hopeless to think of removing the effects with considering the cause of the trouble. Any settlement that did not remove the causes would be mere makeshifts inviting future revolutions. The veterans told him that if the rebels would lay down their arms they would guarantee that they would receive redress of their grievances and justice in the future.

Preceding the meeting Gen. Menocal had received this notice from President Palma: "You can do, for peace, all that is compatible with the honor of the Government." Gen. Menocal will see Gen. Jose Miguel Gomez and Generals Castillo, Monteago and Juan Gaulberto Gomez, who are con-

fined in the Presidio, to-morrow, after which he will be prepared to start on his mission to the rebels. Gen. Menocal is armed with an orde from the Government addressed to the military and other authorities in the country to allow him to pass and to obey his orders.

As Pino Guerra in Pinar del Rio and Gueman in Santa Clara are the most uncompromising of the rebel leaders, Gen. Menocal will go to Pinar del Rio, and a special commission, probably headed by Gen. Cebreco, will go to Santa Clara.

Aquatin Cruz, member of the House of epresentatives, who left Havana to meet Col Guzman, the leader of the rebels in the province of Santa Clara, met him to-day at the town of San Juan de Lasyearas, but there is little hope that it will result in an agreement Senor Cruz found Guzman irreconcilable. He had said already that he would not surrender except upon the annulment of the elections.

Liberal and independent Senators and Representatives are signing a document renouncing their offices. Soalso are the provincial councillors. They invite the Moderates to do the same, thus making

the desired new elections necessary. The Government still refuses to treat with Senor Zavas and the Liberal Congressmen and Senators.

Col. Asbert, the leader of the rebels in the Province of Havana, says in a signed letter to the Telegraph:

"The revolution stipulates for the annulment of the elections of the President, Vice-President, Senators and Representatives and for the removal of the Governors; but so as not to leave the country ungoverned one-half of the Senators and Representatives shall choose a temporary President by a majority vote, who, with them, shall constitute a provisional Government, supported by the rebels and the whole country, to hold new elections and restore the law Better American intervention than the present administration's Government, the rebels having full confidence in President

Roosevelt's justice. "An uprising in Santiago depends upon certain contingencies that I am not at liberty to divulge, but when it comes it will be big and rapid. It is not necessary to destroy property to defeat the Government. The rebels are amply armed and have plenty of munitions. All the rebels are perfectly confident of success.'

As usual, both sides claim the victory in yesterday's engagement at Cumanayagua. The number of casualties is still unknown.

INDIA'S FAMINE SPREADS.

Hungry Crowds Are Looting Shops Northern Provinces

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN CALCUTTA, Sept. 4.- The rice famine the northern provinces of India is becoming worse and is extending toward Bengal Prices are abnormal and crowds are loot-

TO FIX UP A TRUCE IN CUBA, COUNTESS PROPHET OF REVOLT. Tells Labor Congress Socialism is Their Only Hope.

+NEW YORK. THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1906, -Copyright, 1906, by The Sun Printing and Publishing Association.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, Sept. 5.—The Countees of Warwick appeared as a prophetess to-day at the session of the Trades Union Congress at Liverpool. Wearing a big Gainsborough hat covered with a mass of black ostrich feathers and a handsome black and white costume, she told the delegates that she was persecuted by the aristocracy for her adhesion to the cause of socialism. Then stretching out her arms, which were immaculately gloved with white kid, she

dramatically exclaimed: "Before long the storm will burst. There will be a social revolution, and in a social revolution I will be more useful than now Socialism is the only hope of the workers.' Gen. Menocal seeks to arrange a truce

Despite the undoubted sincerity of the Countess, there is a marked divergence between the Socialists and the Laborites regarding her championship of the cause Many think that the presence of a wealthy, richly gowned aristocrat on their platforms must weaken the movement. They express contempt for her protestations of earnestness. The vanity of others is tickled by intimate association with a whom they call "Comrade War-

RIAZE OUTSIDE PROCTOR'S

antern Sets Fire to Gas Escaping From Pipe in Salt Water Service Trench.

While the audience was going into Proctor's Twenty-third Street Theatre last night there was a puff of flame from an excavation in front of the house. Pipes are being laid for the salt water system for the Fire Department and gas had escaped from a main in the excavation. Over where the gas escaped there was a temporary bridge by which persons who alighted from surface cars got to the theatre

On the bridge were two lanterns. The gas got to one of these through crevices in the bridge and there was a good sized puff of flame. One of the theatre employees rushed to an emergency fire call box in the lobby of the theatre and smashed the glass, bringing the engines.

In the theatre were a number of persons and they showed some nervousness, but Manager Leonhardt informed them of what had happened. In a minutes or so and before the arrival of the engines the theatre men had thrown enough earth on the gas main to put out the flame. It all happened some twenty-five minutes before the per formance.

CIVIL SERVICE SPELLING RULE. Old Style or New Will Be Accepted in the Examinations.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 .- The United States Civil Service Commission will go only half way in following President Roosevelt into the field of reformed orthography. Announcement to this effect was made to-day at the commission's offices. The order has gone out to examiners all over the country to notify applicants for positions that either the old or the new style of spell-

ing will be accepted by the commi "We could hardly adopt an arbitrary rule in this matter and say that the old form was incorrect in view of the fact that it has the approval of all dictionaries now in use," said Commissioner Cooley. "There was only one thing to do in the matter and that was to notify prospective entrants to our examinations that in making ratings on spelling we would treat the phonetic and the non-phonetic alike."

Commissioner Cooley said that no decision had been reached as to the style of spelling that would be used in the official correspondence of the commission.

BILLS THE CITY FOR 26 CENTS Whereupon Metz Waxes Wroth and Says

Things to the Board of Education. What Comptroller Metz described yes terday as "another fool bill," has been sent to him by the Board of Education. A few weeks ago that body sent a vouche to the Finance Department calling for the payment of five cents for some blue print copies. The bill passed through the auditing departments of the Board of Education and the Finance Department. It had to be bandled by eighteen highly paid officials and it was figured out by Mr. Metz that it cost the city just about \$5 to have that

five cent bill O. K'd Yesterday Mr. Metz received a bill from the board for 26 cents for thirteen two cent stamps. It had to go through the same ed tape process as did the five cent voucher. When it came to Mr. Metz he grew hot and calling for his stenographer dictated a letter of protest so emphatically worded that he refused afterward to give it out for publication because he was afraid it might not

look well in cold print. All that Mr. Metz would say was that h had made some comment on the mental and executive abilities of the men at the head of the finance bureau of the Board of Education and had made the inquiry if they had been so long in office that they had never heard of the modern method of paying small bills out of the petty cash

NO WARRANT FOR FRAWLEY. Magistrate Walsh Guarantees That He'll

Magistrate Walsh refused yesterday to sens a warrant for Senator J. Frawley when the latter failed to appear in the Harlem police court on a summons obtained by Isidore Kellet, a lawyer representing William Lindsay and William Ryan, who declared that they were assaulted last Saturday night by Frawley and some of his

Lindsay and Ryan are workers for Thomas J. Brennan, who is running against Frawley for the leadership of the Twenty-sixth Assembly district They were set upon late on Saturday night after some of the Frawley followers had torn down a Brennan banner in Madison avenue. Both were badly beaten. Both men say they distinctly recognized Frawley, but he says that he

can prove an alibi. Magistrate Walsh said he believed that a warrant was not necessary, as Senator Frawley would doubtless respond to anissued the summons, saying:

for the appearance of Senator Frawley in this court to-morrow afternoon. Magistrate Walsh and Frawley are red hot Murphy men. The Senator thinks he will have no trouble getting out of the

"I will myself be personally responsible

difficulty. TOUR TO ATLANTA ACCOUNT NATIONAL BENTAL CONVENTION.
September 18, via Pennsylvania Raliroad. Special Pullman trun. Only 884,18 round trip from New York; all expenses going, transportation returning. Consult C. Studds. E. P. A., 285 Fifth Avenue, New York, or ticket agents.—Add.

SHAW AIDS GOLD IMPORTS.

TREASURY COMES TO THE RELIEF OF THE MONEY MARKET.

The Secretary Revives His Order of Last Spring Regarding the Accepting of Deposits of Securities Against Gold That is in Transit-Cati Money at 40.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 .- Secretary Shaw to-day yielded to the exigencies of the money market and announced late this afternoon that he would on September 10 resume his policy of making deposits in national banks to encourage gold importations.

It had been apparent that the Secretary was considering some such action, but he kept his counsel until just before the Treasury Department closed to-day, when he issued this statement:

"At the close of business to-day Secretary Shaw announced that on and after Monday, September 10, and until further notice, the Treasury will make deposits in national banks to facilitate the importation of gold. Bonds available by statute for investments by savings banks in Massachusetts and New York will be accepted at 90 per cent. as security pending the arrival of the gold. The actual engagement of the gold must precede the deposit, and the deposit must be paid as soon as the gold arrives."

More than \$2,000,000 will be available at once to help relieve the money market stringency through the engagement yesterday of gold imports to the amount of £403,000 at the Bank of England to be shipped to this country. It was reported that the National City Bank had taken the entire

Call money went up to 40 per cent, twice vesterday and Wall Street [awaited with interest any move that Secretary Shaw might make to help out the situation. It was agreed generally that the stringency was due to other than purely speculative reasons and that the increase in the Government holdings was largely responsible. The market opened with call money at from 15 to 20 per cent. and then the rate advanced by five point leaps until 40 was

This had the effect of bringing out mone from various sources, a large part of which was owned by those seeking just such opportunities. Out of town banks and local sources of supply sent in money rapidly to get the benefit of the high prices It was said that one bank sent in several millions of dollars, but only one million was taken at 40. The rate quickly dropped to 25 per cent. and remained there for nearly half an hour before the closing of the market. A few minutes before the close the price went back to 40, but it was said that few loans were made then.

The reason for the second advance was the belief that the money sent in earlier was withdrawn to some extent from certain commercial channels which would feel

stringency in consequence.

Although the expenditures of the Government have been greater than the receipts in the last few weeks the Treasury has a vast amount of money which has been drawn from business channels through tion within the last five days the Treasury has increased its holdings nearly \$4,455,000. There was a gain yesterday in its transactions with the banks of \$1,949,000, one reason for which was the shipment of \$1,000,000 currency to San Francisco. There was also a heavy shipment to New Orleans. The total net loss to the banks, and in favor of the Government, from Friday last was \$4,455,000, as compared with a loss of \$2,948,

000 for the same period last week. Secretary Shaw came to the relief of th money market last April by making deposits of Government funds in anticipation of gold importations, issuing practically the same order that he made yesterday.

BELLEVUE DOCTORS ROBBED. soms of Fifty Internes Visited by Thieves, Who Leave No Clues.

The doctors at Bellevue are greatly stirred up over a series of robberies that occurred in their dormitory on Tuesday. A thief rifled several of the rooms, getting away with jewelry, clothing and money. The doctors are particularly angry at Supt. Armstrong, who didn't want the matter reported to the police, fearing that the news would become public. The victims of the thief, however, have taken the matter into their own hands and are bent on catching the thief, even if they are unable to recover the stolen articles.

There are about fifty doctors at the hospital and it was said that nearly all of them had suffered as a result of the thief's work At the suggestion of Supt. Armstrong they refuse to talk about the robberies, but it is known that Dr. Gordon Lindsay lost a gold watch and chain, two jewelled fraternity pins, a large quantity of clothing and \$24 in money. Dr. F. R. Holbrook lost a diamond pin and a pair of valuable cuff buttons, while Dr. L. B. Rogers is mourning

the loss of a lot of clothing. There are over 310 employees in the he pital and it is difficult for the police to get any clue to the thief. A number of orderlies have duplicate keys to the rooms of the doctors. Tuesday was pay day at the hospital and it is expected that some of the employees who are still celebrating will not return. On each pay day a number of employees disappear. The police think that the thief who robbed the doctors will not return and they will get on the trail of em-

ployees who fail to turn up. Three months ago over \$700 worth of stuff was stolen from the office of the property clerk and this robbery still remains a mys-

TROUBLE OVER HOKE SMITH HUG Cop Who Embraced Big Candidate Charges

With Offensive Partisanship. Macon, Ga., Sept. 5.-Carried away by Hoke Smith's speech accepting the nomination for Governor yesterday, Policeman Tom Williams, who was in the auditorium to keep order, sprang to the platform and gave the big candidate a bearlike hug.

For that hug Williams has been summoned before the police court to answer a charge of offensive activity in politics.
Williams says he couldn't help hugging
Hoke. "I was carried away by Mr. Smith's
speech," said Williams, "and the only way
I could express my feelings was by hugging

RAILROAD MEN ON THE MARCH.

200 Construction Hands Advancing Through Jersey to Ask More Pay. RAHWAY, N. J., Sept. 5 .- About 200 men, trackmen and construction men, all em-ployees of the Pennsylvania Bailroad Company, passed through this city at 2 o'clock this afternoon, all walking eastward and carrying their dinner pails. They were on a strike for more pay, demanding an increase of 22 cents a day, and had started for Jersey City from New Brunswick this morn-

Their numbers were increased as they moved from section to section and induced others to join them. Several railroad detectives met them here and tried to induce them to return but failed. They are getting \$1.43 and want \$1.65 for a day's work

MADDEN SUES MRS. L. V. BELL. Former Husband Alleges That Her Diverse and Marriage Are Illegal.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 5.-In a petition filed here this afternoon in the Circuit Court John E. Madden, the turfman, harges his former wife, Anna Louise Madden, with living in adultery with L. V.

Madden, through his attorneys, William Lindsey of New York and C. J. Bronston and J. R. Morton, seeks a divorce and the custody of their two children, Edward and Joseph, and also the annulment of the alimony given Mrs. Madden by Judge Swing in Cincinnati.

Mrs. Madden got a divorce in Ohio and married Bell in New York, sailing immediately for the Orient.

The petition charges that her divorce was granted through fraud, that she has no legal divorce and that her marriage to Bell is not legal.

BERTILLON SYSTEM FOR BANK. Twenty-four Hour Concern Takes Means to Identify Depositors.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 5.-The Third National Bank of this city, which has inaugurated a twenty-four hour day, has adopted the Bertillon system of identifying its deposi-

This, it was explained, is necessary where there are three sets of clerks. The tellers will always have the descrip tion cards convenient, and when a depositor whose face is unfamiliar asks to have a check cashed it will be easy to identify

him by referring to the filing cabinet.

ROOSEVELT GETS INTO "PUNCH." artoon Shows Him as the Boy Who Cut the English Language Tree. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Sept. 5 .- Linley Sambourne has cartoon in Punch to-day representing Father Time examining with a magnifying glass a small incision in a tree trunk, which represents the English language. He asks: Who's been trying to cut down this tree? President Roosevelt, who is standing by, ixe in hand, replies: "Father, I kannot tell

li. I did it with mi litl ax." Time remarks: "Ah, well; boys will be loys.

Bernard Partridge has a cartoon showing Father Thames as "The Jolly Waterman colaiming the university crews, saying: Well rowed, Harvard! Well rowed, Cambridge! Proud of you both, whichever wins.

PRESIDENT GOES TO LODGE.

Attends a Meeting of Masons in Oyster Bay and Speaks Briefly. OYSTER BAY, Sept. 5.-President Roosevelt attended the meeting of the Matinecock Lodge of Masons this evening. The Presilent is a member of the lodge and usually attends one or two meetings every summer and when he does he generally makes a short address Several well known Masons from other parts of the island visited Matinecock Lodge in order to meet the Presi-

WIVES ADJUST CLAIMS TO FRYE.

One Goes on His Bond and the Other Asks Divorce So He May Wed Legally. CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—The entanglements of Prof. Charles H. Frye and his two wives came to a happy dénouement to-day. women have agreed to let bygones be by-

gones, and with Prof. Frye "All's well that Mrs. Cara Goddard, the South Dakota woman whom Frve acknowledged as a wife for twenty-six years, to-day signed nominal bonds for the man's release. Frye has been held in the county jail since September 1, pending the hearing of charges

of abandonment and bigamy. Coincident with Frye's release a petition for divorce without an alimony clause was prepared for Mrs. Frye, who charges desertion. Frye has promised if the divorce is granted to go back to Mrs. Goddard and his daughter. Prof. Frye hopes to leave shortly on a honeymoon.

RUSSIA PROMISES REFORMS.

At the Same Time Increases Penalties for Rovolutionary Acts. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 5 .- The declara

lately several forecasts have appeared, was issued to-night. It promises many liberal reforms, in luding the immediate withdrawal of useless restrictions against the Jews, increased provincial autonomy, rerorm of the police and other public services, the establishment of zemstvos in Poland and the Baltic provinces, and the institution of an income

tion of policy by the Government, of which

Meanwhile the Government is determined to maintain order, and it accordingly decrees court-martial for political crimes and increases the penalties for carrying on the revolutionary propaganda.

GOES DOWN WITH LA FOLLETTE.

District-Davidson's Majority \$5,000. MILWAUKEE, Sept. 5 .- Theobald Otjen for six consecutive terms a member of Congress from this city, went down to defeat with the followers of Robert La Follette. Late returns to-day show Otje defeated by 5,000. He was beaten by William Cary, present Sheriff and a tele

graph operator.

Gov. Davidson's victory is decisive is estimated now that he beat I. L. Len a Follette's man, by 55,000.
Francis McGovern, District Attorne who fought the grafters here for four years; was defeated for nomination by Francis X. Boden.

JEROME TALKS TO DEMOCRATS

PRICE TWO CENTS.

Albany of Old Time Party Men.

PLANS TO SAVE DEMOCRACY

From Drifting Into Socialism and Paternalism and Fromthe Bribe Giver.

Must First Take the Organization From the Con trol of the Bosses, Says Jerome. and Restore It to the People-Hearst's Methods of Trying to Forestall the Action of the State Convention by Snap Caucuses and Purchase of Delegates Roundly Denounced-Resotutions Adopted Repudiating Boss Rule and Efforts to Centrel Party Machinery by Purchase, Intimidation or Hired Agents and Resenting Any Effort to Commit the Party to a Socialistic Position or to Dictate Its Policy-Jerome Says He Is Delighted With the Result of the Conference.

ALBANY, Sept. 5 .- At the very red hottest conference any body of Democrats has held in this State for many years the following resolutions were unanimously and enthusiastically adopted in Odd Fellows' Hall this afternoon: Resolved, That Democrats should recognize

and repudiate boss rule in every form and especially efforts from any direction to obtain control of the party organization by purchase, by intimidation or by hired agents. That the principles of the party require inflinching opposition to protectionism, socialism and imperialism. We recognize the

right and the ability of the people to regu-

late and control public interests in the State,

but we resent any effort to commit the party to a socialistic position or dictate the policy of the Democratic party. That policy should be the outcome of a full, free and untrammelled expression of the opinion of the party in open convention

assembled. Resolved. That a committee of five be appointed by the Chair, with power to fill vacancies, to lay before the Democrats of every county the principles above expressed.

These resolutions had been prepared by Henry A. Richmond of Erie, William Church Osborn of Putnam and Edward P. Lynch of St. Lawrence county. They were the committee on resolutions appointed at the direction of this red hot body of Democrats who had assembled here for the purpose of making it clear to all citizens in this State that the Democratic party would not be sold out or bartered or cheated at the Democratic State convention, to be held in Buffalo on September 25, if they

could prevent it. The conference held here to-day was in response to the call sent out two weeks ago, wherein it was stated that there "must be a fight to the finish for the preservation of Democratic principle and Democratic

honor." This call further said: "It is time that the honest, intelligent voters who love their party and believe in its mission should speak out; should reaffirm in clear and positive form its basic principle and announce their refusal to surrender to any political blackmailer or gang of political thieves who are preparing to buy or steal the party emblems

and the party faith." There was full measure and heaping over of clear and positive statements in the conference to-day. Everything was orderly, but all of the utterances were determined. Among those present at the conference were some very familiarly known Democrats in the State. All told there were ninety-eight Democrats in the conference, with all but five counties in

the State represented. PROMINENT DEMOCRATS PRESENT.

Among those present were Edward M Shepard of Kings county, William Church Osborn of Putnam, ex-Mayor Osborne of Auburn, Henry A. Richmond of Buffalo, the friend and confidant of Samuel J. Tilden: Spencer Trask of Saratoga, Henry S. Bacon and Frederick W. Smith of Monroe county. John B. Judson of Fulton and Hamilton, J. Van Ness Philip of Columbia, D. H. Titchener of Broome; Clarence E. Bloodgood of Greene and Oswald Garrison Villard of Westchester county.

The following members of the Demo cratic State committee were also present at the conference: James A. Glavin of Saratoga, Melvin E. Haven of Onondaga, John N. Carlisle, secretary of the Democratic State committee; of Jefferson; Clinton Beckwith of Herkimer, Charles A. Lux of Wayne and Charles F. Rattigan of Cayuga. In addition there were also at the conference: Homer Van Santwood, H. H.

McCreader, Mark Cohn, J.J. Hart, A. V. V. Dodge, Stewart D. Brown; James J. Nolan, H. J. Kearney, George E. Reilly, William V. Cooke, Simeon Holroyd; Dr. J. W. Wiltse; Frank White, George Lampe and Robert J. Whalen of Albany; M.J. Farley and David D. Lent of Batavia, E. M. Harveye of Savannah; George W. Featherstonhaugh; Frank Cooper, James C. McDonald, R. J. Cooper, Edward Winslow Paige, Daniel Daton, Jr.; Brice E. Marrow, Louis M. King; J. W. Cronin, James A. Randall, T. W. Meacham and Harold Straw of Schenectady; Joseph M. Keatings of Richmond county, William H. Dempsey of Seneca, W. A. White of Ontario, I. C. Flandy and C. H. Barber of Washington, John W. Higgins and Frank E. Brewster of Troy, Ne. son Drummond, C. R. Morton, O. G. Se